

May 30, 2025

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Reed Walker
2044 Dovercourt Ave
Ottawa ON K2A 0X1

Mr. Walker,

Please find enclosed your 2024 tax return with the documents provided to prepare it. Review it carefully to make sure that it is accurate and complete.

As soon as we receive a duly signed copy Form T183, we will transmit your federal tax return to the Canada Revenue Agency.

There is a balance due of \$6,343.86 on the tax return. If you are making your payment online using your financial institution's online banking services or using the CRA *My Payment* service. If you mail your payment, enclose a cheque or money order payable to the Receiver General with Form T7DR(A) making sure to enter your social insurance number and the taxation year on the back of the cheque and mail it to the following address: Canada Revenue Agency, PO Box 3800 STN A Sudbury ON P3A 0C3. To avoid interest charges, the payment must be made by April 30, 2025.

Please sign and send us a copy of the document "Authorization/Cancellation request - Signature page" so that we can electronically request an authorization allowing us to contact the CRA for more information on your current- or prior-year federal tax returns.

According to the information you provided, you did not hold foreign property at any time in 2024 with a total cost of more than CAN\$100,000. If this information is incorrect please contact us immediately in order for us to prepare Form T1135, and for you to avoid penalties.

According to the information you provided, you did not dispose of, at any time in 2024, a principal residence for which the total or partial exemption could be claimed. If this information is incorrect, please contact us immediately in order for us to prepare the forms required, and for you to avoid penalties.

Instalments calculated based on the second preceding year method (2023):

Due date	Quarterly tax instalments	Instalments paid	Balance due
September 15, 2025	\$3,172.00	\$	\$3,172.00
December 15, 2025	\$3,172.00	\$	\$3,172.00
Total			\$6,344.00
March 15, 2026	\$1,586.00	\$	\$ 1,586.00

If you expect a significant change in your tax situation for 2025, please contact us so that the instalment payments may be revised.

The CRA will confirm by mail the instalment payments required before your September and December payments are due. To avoid interest and penalty charges, you must make the payments indicated.

If you receive a notice of assessment which differs from the federal tax return as filed, please send it to us. We must determine if the assessment is correct before the time limit for an objection expires.

Please contact us if you have any questions about your tax return.

Sincerely,

Vaive and Associates Professional Corporation

Authorization/Cancellation request – Signature page

- Print this page and have it signed and dated by the taxpayer or legal representative
- Retain a copy of the signed and date signature page in your files for six years from the date that this information is transmitted to the CRA. Do not send the signature page by mail or fax unless request to do so.

Representative information

REP ID <input type="text"/>	First name : _____	Last name: _____
Group ID <input type="text"/>	Group name _____	
Business number (BN) <input type="text" value="865427041"/>	Business name (BN) <input type="text" value="Vaive and Associates Professional Corporation"/>	

Taxpayer information

SIN <input type="text" value="576 529 424"/>	First name : <input type="text" value="Reed"/>	Last name: <input type="text" value="Walker"/>
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Authorization information

Level of authorization:	<input type="text" value="Level 2"/>
Expiry date:	<input type="text"/>

Cancellation information

Cancel a specific representative

Rep ID <input type="text"/>	First name : _____	Last name: _____
Business number (BN) <input type="text"/>	Business name (BN) _____	

Signature information

Legal representative signature

Name of taxpayer or legal representative:

Certification

By signing and dating this page, you authorize the Canada Revenue Agency to interact with and/or cancel the representative(s) mentioned above.

Signature:

Signature of taxpayer or legal representative

Date:

Step 1 – Identification and other information (continued)

Elections Canada

For more information, go to canada.ca/cra-elections-canada.

A) Do you have Canadian citizenship?

If **yes**, go to question B. If **no**, skip question B.

1 Yes 2 No

B) As a Canadian citizen, do you authorize the CRA to give your name, address, date of birth, and citizenship to Elections Canada to update the National Register of Electors or, if you are 14 to 17 years of age, the Register of Future Electors?

1 Yes 2 No

Your authorization is valid until you file your next tax return. Your information will only be used for purposes permitted under the Canada Elections Act, which include sharing lists of electors produced from the National Register of Electors with provincial and territorial electoral agencies, members of Parliament, registered and eligible political parties, and candidates at election time.

Your information in the Register of Future Electors will be included in the National Register of Electors once you turn 18 and your eligibility to vote is confirmed. Information from the Register of Future Electors can be shared only with provincial and territorial electoral agencies that are allowed to collect future elector information. In addition, Elections Canada can use information in the Register of Future Electors to provide youth with educational information about the electoral process.

Indian Act – Exempt income

Tick this box if you have income that is exempt under the Indian Act.

For more information about this type of income, go to canada.ca/taxes-indigenous-peoples.

1

If you ticked the box above, complete Form T90, Income Exempt from Tax under the Indian Act, so that the CRA can calculate your Canada workers benefit for the 2024 tax year, if applicable, and your family's provincial or territorial benefits. The information you provide on Form T90 will also be used to calculate your Canada training credit limit for the 2025 tax year.

Canada Carbon Rebate

Tick this box if you **reside outside** of a census metropolitan area (CMA) in Ontario or within a rural area or small population centre of a CMA, as determined by Statistics Canada (2021), and expect to continue to reside outside the same CMA or within a rural area or small population centre of the same CMA on April 1, 2025. For more information, go to canada.ca/canada-carbon-rebate.

1

Note: If your marital status is married or living common-law, and both you and your spouse or common-law partner were residing in the same location outside of a CMA or within a rural area or small population centre of a CMA, you must tick this box on both of your returns.

Foreign property

Did you own or hold specified foreign property where the total cost amount of all such property, at any time in 2024, was **more than CAN\$100,000**?

26600 1 Yes 2 No

If **yes**, complete Form T1135, Foreign Income Verification Statement. There are substantial penalties for not filing Form T1135 by the due date. For more information, see Form T1135.

Consent to share contact information – Organ and tissue donor registry

I authorize the CRA to provide my name and email address to Ontario Health so that Ontario Health (Trillium Gift of Life) may contact or send information to me by email about organ and tissue donation.

For more information about organ and tissue donation in Canada, go to canada.ca/organ-tissue-donation.

1 Yes 2 No

Note: You are **not** consenting to organ and tissue donation when you authorize the CRA to share your contact information with Ontario Health. Your authorization is only valid for the tax year for which you are filing this tax return. Your information will only be collected under the Ontario Gift of Life Act

Step 3 – Net income

Enter the amount from line 35 of the previous page.		66,021	99	36
Pension adjustment (box 52 of all T4 slips and box 034 of all T4A slips)	20600			
Registered pension plan (RPP) deduction (box 20 of all T4 slips and box 032 of all T4A slips)	20700			37
RRSP deduction (see Schedule 7 and attach receipts)	20800			38
FHSA deduction (see Schedule 15 and attach receipts)	20805			39
Pooled registered pension plan (PRPP) employer contributions (amount from your PRPP contribution receipts)	20810			
Deduction for elected split-pension amount (complete Form T1032)	21000			40
Annual union, professional, or like dues (receipts and box 44 of all T4 slips)	21200			41
Universal child care benefit repayment (box 12 of all RC62 slips)	21300			42
Child care expenses (complete Form T778)	21400			43
Disability supports deduction (complete Form T929)	21500			44
Business investment loss (see Guide T4037)				
Gross Period 1	21698	Period 2	21699	
Allowable business investment loss deduction	21700			45
Moving expenses (complete Form T1-M)	21900			46
Support payments made (see Guide P102)				
Total	21999	Allowable deduction	22000	47
Carrying charges, interest expenses and other expenses (use Federal Worksheet)	22100			48
Deduction for CPP or QPP contributions on self-employment income and other earnings (complete Schedule 8 or Form RC381, whichever applies)	22200			●49
Deduction for CPP or QPP enhanced contributions on employment income (complete Schedule 8 or Form RC381, whichever applies)	(maximum \$838.00) 22215			●50
Exploration and development expenses (complete Form T1229)	22400			51
Other employment expenses (see Guide T4044)	22900			52
Clergy residence deduction (complete Form T1223)	23100			53
Other deductions (specify):	23200			54
Add lines 37 to 54.	23300			▶ 55
Line 36 minus line 55 (if negative, show in brackets)		Net income before adjustments	23400	66,021 99 56
Social benefits repayment:				
Complete the chart for line 23500 using your Federal Worksheet if one or more of the following apply:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You entered an amount for EI and other benefits on line 11900 and the amount on line 23400 is more than \$79,000 You entered an amount for OAS pension on line 11300 or net federal supplements paid on line 14600 and the amount on line 23400 is more than \$90,997 				
If not , enter "0" on line 23500.			23500	●57
Line 56 minus line 57 (if negative, enter "0")				
If negative, you may have a non-capital loss (see Form T1A) and the negative amount is to be used for certain calculations (go to canada.ca/line-23600)		Net income	23600	66,021 99 58

Step 4 – Taxable income

Enter the amount from line 58 of the previous page.			66,021	99	59
Canadian Armed Forces personnel and police deduction (box 43 of all T4 slips)	24400	60			
Security options deductions (boxes 39, 41, 91, and 92 of all T4 slips or see Form T1212)	24900	61			
Additional security options deduction (use Federal Worksheet)	24901	62			
Other payments deduction (enter the amount from line 14700 if you did not enter an amount on line 14600; otherwise, use Federal Worksheet)	25000	63			
Limited partnership losses of other years	25100	64			
Non-capital losses of other years	25200	65			
Net capital losses of other years	25300	66			
Capital gains deduction for qualifying business transfer (complete Form T2048)	25395	67			
Capital gains deduction (complete Form T657)	25400	68			
Northern residents deductions (complete Form T2222)	25500	69			
Additional deductions (specify):	25600	70			
Add lines 60 to 70.	25700				71
Line 59 minus line 71 (if negative, show in brackets)			66,021	99	72
Capital gains reduction add-back (complete Schedule 3)		25999			73
Line 72 plus line 73 (if negative, enter "0")		26000	66,021	99	74

Step 5 – Federal tax

Part A – Federal tax on taxable income

Use the amount from line 26000 to complete the appropriate column below.

	Line 26000 is \$55,867 or less	Line 26000 is more than \$55,867 but not more than \$111,733	Line 26000 is more than \$111,733 but not more than \$173,205	Line 26000 is more than \$173,205 but not more than \$246,752	Line 26000 is more than \$246,752					
Amount from line 26000		66,021	99			75				
Line 70 minus line 76 (cannot be negative)	0	55,867	00	111,733	00	246,752	00	76		
Line 77 multiplied by the percentage from line 78	15 %	20.5 %		26 %		29 %		33 %	78	
Line 79 plus line 80	0	2,081	77						79	
Federal tax on taxable income		8,380	05	19,832	58	35,815	30	57,143	93	80
		10,461	82							81

Enter the amount from line 81 on line 124 and continue at line 82.

Part B – Federal non-refundable tax credits

Basic personal amount:

If the amount on line 23600 is \$173,205 or less, enter \$15,705.

If the amount on line 23600 is \$246,752 or more, enter \$14,156.

Otherwise, use the Federal Worksheet to calculate the amount to enter.	(maximum \$15,705)	30000	15,705	00	82
Age amount (if you were born in 1959 or earlier) (use Federal Worksheet)	(maximum \$8,790)	30100			83
Spouse or common-law partner amount (complete Schedule 5)		30300			84
Amount for an eligible dependant (complete Schedule 5)		30400			85
Canada caregiver amount for spouse or common-law partner, or eligible dependant age 18 or older (complete Schedule 5)		30425			86
Canada caregiver amount for other infirm dependants age 18 or older (complete Schedule 5)		30450			87
Canada caregiver amount for infirm children under 18 years of age (see Schedule 5)					
Number of children you are claiming this amount for	30499	x \$2,616 =	30500		88
Add lines 82 to 88.			15,705	00	89

Part B – Federal non-refundable tax credits (continued)

Enter the amount from line 89 of the previous page.			15,705	00	90
Base CPP or QPP contributions (complete Schedule 8 or Form RC381, whichever applies):					
through employment income	30800				91
on self-employment income and other earnings	31000				92
Employment insurance premiums:					
through employment (boxes 18 and 55 of all T4 slips)	(maximum \$1,049.12)	31200			93
on self-employment and other eligible earnings (complete Schedule 13)		31217			94
Volunteer firefighters' amount (VFA)		31220			95
Search and rescue volunteers' amount (SRVA)		31240			96
Canada employment amount:					
Enter whichever is less : \$1,433 or line 1 plus line 2.		31260			97
Home buyers' amount	(maximum \$10,000)	31270			98
Home accessibility expenses (use Federal Worksheet)	(maximum \$20,000)	31285			99
Adoption expenses		31300			100
Digital news subscription expenses	(maximum \$500)	31350			101
Add lines 91 to 101.					102
Pension income amount (use Federal Worksheet)	(maximum \$2,000)	31400			103
Add lines 90, 102, and 103.			15,705	00	104
Disability amount for self (if you were under 18 years of age, use Federal Worksheet; if not , claim \$9,872)		31600			105
Disability amount transferred from a dependant (use Federal Worksheet)		31800			106
Add lines 104 to 106.			15,705	00	107
Interest paid on your student loans (see Guide P105)		31900			108
Your tuition, education, and textbook amounts (complete Schedule 11)		32300			109
Tuition amount transferred from a child or grandchild		32400			110
Amounts transferred from your spouse or common-law partner (complete Schedule 2)		32600			111
Add lines 107 to 111.			15,705	00	112
Medical expenses for self, spouse or common-law partner and your dependent children under 18 years of age		33099			113
Amount from line 23600	x 3% =	114			
Enter whichever is less : \$2,759 or the amount from line 114.					115
Line 113 minus line 115 (if negative, enter "0")					116
Allowable amount of medical expenses for other dependants (use Federal Worksheet)		33199			117
Line 116 plus line 117		33200			118
Line 112 plus line 118		33500	15,705	00	119
Federal non-refundable tax credit rate			15	%	120
Line 119 multiplied by the percentage from line 120		33800	2,355	75	121
Donations and gifts (complete Schedule 9)		34900			122
Line 121 plus line 122		Total federal non-refundable tax credits	35000	2,355	75

Protected B when completed

Part C – Net federal tax

Enter the amount from line 81.			10,461	82	124
Federal tax on split income (TOSI) (complete Form T1206)	40424				•125
Line 124 plus line 125	40400		10,461	82	126
Amount from line 35000		2,355	75	127	
Federal dividend tax credit (use Federal Worksheet)	40425	2,670	52	•128	
Minimum tax carryover (complete Form T691)	40427				•129
Add lines 127 to 129.		5,026	27	▶	
Line 126 minus line 130 (if negative, enter "0")		Basic federal tax	42900	5,435	55 131
Federal surtax on income earned outside Canada (complete Form T2203)					132
Line 131 plus line 132				5,435	55 133
Federal foreign tax credit (complete Form T2209)	40500			1,134	84 134
Line 133 minus line 134				4,300	71 135
Recapture of investment tax credit (complete Form T2038(IND))					136
Line 135 plus line 136				4,300	71 137
Federal logging tax credit					138
Line 137 minus line 138 (if negative, enter "0")		Federal tax	40600	4,300	71 •139
Federal political contribution tax credit (use Federal Worksheet)					
Total federal political contributions (attach receipts)	40900	(maximum \$650)	41000		•140
Investment tax credit (complete Form T2038(IND))		41200			•141
Labour-sponsored funds tax credit					
Net cost of shares of a provincially registered fund	41300	Allowable credit	41400		•142
Add lines 140 to 142.		41600		▶	143
Line 139 minus line 143 (if negative, enter "0")		41700		4,300	71 144
Advanced Canada workers benefit (ACWB) (complete Schedule 6)		41500			•145
Special taxes		41800			•146
Add lines 144 to 146.		Net federal tax	42000	4,300	71 147

Step 6 – Refund or balance owing

Amount from line 42000				4,300	71 148
CPP contributions payable on self-employment income and other earnings (complete Schedule 8 or Form RC381, whichever applies)	42100				•149
Employment insurance premiums payable on self-employment and other eligible earnings (complete Schedule 13)	42120				150
Social benefits repayment (amount from line 23500)	42200				151
Provincial or territorial tax					
(complete and attach your provincial or territorial Form 428, even if the result is "0")	42800			2,043	15 •152
Add lines 148 to 152.		Total payable	43500	6,343	86 •153

T1-2024

Capital Gains or Losses

Schedule 3

Protected B
when completed

Complete this schedule to calculate your taxable capital gains to report on line 12700 of your return. If you realized a capital gain on a disposition, you may be able to claim a capital gains deduction for a qualifying business transfer (line 25395) or capital gains deduction (line 25400).

For more information about capital gains or losses, including business investment losses, go to canada.ca/taxes-capital-gains. For help completing this schedule, see Chapter 2 of Guide T4037, Capital Gains.

If you need more space, attach a separate sheet. **Attach** a copy of this schedule to your paper return.

How to complete this schedule

Part 1 – Complete this part if you disposed of property in 2024 that was your principal residence and that you are claiming a principal residence exemption for.

Part 2 – Complete this part if you disposed of a housing unit, or a right to acquire a housing unit, located in Canada (including a rental property) that was **not** already considered inventory and was owned for **less than 365 consecutive days** before the disposition.

Part 3 – Complete this part to report the disposition of different types of property during Period 1 (January 1 to June 24, 2024) and Period 2 (June 25 to December 31, 2024)

Part 4 – Complete this part to calculate your total capital gains or losses for periods 1 and 2.

Part 5 – Complete this part to calculate your taxable capital gains or net capital loss.

If you have a net capital loss

Do **not** report your net capital loss for 2024 on line 12700 of your return. You can carry it forward indefinitely and apply it against a taxable capital gain in the future. Your net capital loss, if any, will appear on your 2024 notice of assessment or reassessment.

If you would like to apply the net capital loss you incurred in 2024 against taxable capital gains you reported on your 2021, 2022 or 2023 return, complete Form T1A, Request for Loss Carryback.

Note: If you are completing this schedule for a deceased person, go to canada.ca/taxes-deceased-net-capital-loss.

Part 1 – Principal residence

Complete Form T2091(IND), Designation of a Property as a Principal Residence by an Individual (Other than a Personal Trust), or Form T1255, Designation of a Property as a Principal Residence by the Legal Representative of a Deceased Individual, whichever applies.

A deemed disposition occurs when you are considered to have disposed of property even though you did not actually sell it. For example, a deemed disposition may occur when you change how you use your principal residence, such as when you change all or part of your principal residence to a rental or business operation, or change your rental or business operation to a principal residence.

If you were **not** a resident of Canada for the entire time you owned the designated property, your period of non-residence may reduce or eliminate the amount of the principal residence exemption. For more information, see Income Tax Folio S1-F3-C2, Principal Residence.

Principal residence designation

Tick the box that applies to your designation of the property described on Form T2091(IND) or Form T1255.

- 17900**
- 1 I designate the property as my principal residence for all of the years that I owned it or for all of the years that I owned it except one year.
 - 2 I designate the property as my principal residence for some but not all of the years that I owned it.
 - 3 I designate the properties as my principal residences for some or all of the years that I owned them.

Part 2 – Flipped property

A **flipped property** is a housing unit (including a rental property) located in Canada or a right to acquire a housing unit located in Canada that you owned or held, for **less than 365 consecutive days** before its disposition (12-month holding period). A property is **not** considered a flipped property if it was already considered to be inventory or was owned or held for 365 or more consecutive days before its disposition or if the disposition occurred due to, or in anticipation of, certain life events as listed at line 17906 below.

If you disposed of a flipped property, the resulting gain on the disposition is taxable as business income and **not** as a capital gain. To report this transaction, complete Form T2125, Statement of Business or Professional Activities.

For more information about property flipping, go to canada.ca/cra-property-flipping.

Did you dispose of a housing unit, or a right to acquire a housing unit, located in Canada (including a rental property) that was **not** already considered inventory and was owned for **less than 365 consecutive days** before the disposition?

17905 Yes No

If **no**, the housing unit is **not** considered a flipped property and any gain from the disposition of the property is taxable as a capital gain.

If **yes**, was the disposition due to, or in anticipation of, any of the following life events?

Tick the boxes that apply, if any:

- 17906**
- 1 the death of the taxpayer or a related person
 - 2 a related person joining the taxpayer's household or the taxpayer joining a related person's household (for example, moving in with a spouse or common-law partner, for the birth of a child, adoption, or care of an elderly parent)
 - 3 the breakdown of a marriage or common-law partnership where the taxpayer had been living separate and apart from their spouse or common-law partner for **at least 90 days** before the disposition
 - 4 a threat to the personal safety of the taxpayer or a related person (for example, domestic violence)
 - 5 a serious disability or illness of the taxpayer or a related person
 - 6 the eligible relocation of the taxpayer or their spouse or common-law partner where the taxpayer's new home is **at least 40 kilometres closer** to the new work location or school (generally, an eligible relocation allows the taxpayer to carry on business, be employed or attend full-time post-secondary education)
 - 7 the involuntary termination of employment of the taxpayer or their spouse or common-law partner
 - 8 the insolvency of the taxpayer (for example, due to an accumulation of debt)
 - 9 the destruction or expropriation of the taxpayer's property (for example, when the property is destroyed due to natural or man-made disaster)

If you answered **yes** at line 17905 and **one or more** of the life events above apply to you, the housing unit is **not** considered a flipped property and any gain from the disposition of the property is taxable as a capital gain. For more information, go to canada.ca/real-estate-income.

If you answered **yes** at line 17905 and **none** of the life events above apply to you, the housing unit is considered a flipped property and the gain is taxable as business income. To report this transaction, complete Form T2125, Statement of Business Income or Professional Activities. For more information, go to canada.ca/taxes-business-income or see Guide T4002, Self-employed Business, Professional, Commission, Farming, and Fishing Income.

Part 3 – Total gains or losses on dispositions

Report all negative amounts (losses) using brackets.

Period 1: Dispositions between January 1 and June 24, 2024

Property type		(1) Year acquired	(2) Proceeds of disposition	(3) Adjusted cost base	(4) Outlays and expenses	(5) Gain or loss (col 2 minus col 3 and 4)
Qualified small business corporation shares (QSBCS)						
Number	Name of corp. and class of shares	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Total proceeds of disposition		10683				Total gain (or loss) 10684
Qualified farm or fishing property (QFFP)						
Address or legal description		Prov./Terr.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Total proceeds of disposition		10685				Total gain (or loss) 10686
QFFP: Mortgage foreclosures and conditional sales repossessions						
Address or legal description		Prov./Terr.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Total proceeds of disposition		10687				Total gain (or loss) 10688
Publicly traded shares, mutual fund units, deferral of eligible small business corporation shares and other shares						
Number	Name of fund/corp. and class of shares	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Total proceeds of disposition		10689				Total gain (or loss) 10690
Real estate, depreciable property and other properties (see principal residence and flipped property on pages 1 and 2)						
Address or legal description		Prov./Terr.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Total proceeds of disposition		10691				Total gain (or loss) 10692
Bonds, debentures, promissory notes, crypto-assets, and other similar properties						
Face value	Maturity date	Name of issuer		(1)	(2)	(3)
Total proceeds of disposition		10693				Total gain (or loss) 10694
Other mortgage foreclosures and conditional sales repossessions						
Address or legal description		Prov./Terr.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Total proceeds of disposition		10695				Total gain (or loss) 10696
Personal-use property (see principal residence and flipped property on pages 1 and 2)						
(Provide a full description)		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
						Total gain only 10697
Listed personal property (LPP) (LPP losses can only be applied against LPP gains)						
(Provide a full description)		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Subtract: unapplied LPP losses from other years (see Guide T4037 if you have LPP net losses in Period 1)						Net gain only 10698
Add lines 1 to 9.		Total gains or losses of qualified properties and other properties for Period 1				10

Part 3 – Total gains or losses on dispositions (continued)

Report all negative amounts (losses) using brackets.

Period 2: Dispositions between June 25 and December 31, 2024

Property type		(1) Year acquired	(2) Proceeds of disposition	(3) Adjusted cost base	(4) Outlays and expenses	(5) Gain or loss (col 2 minus col 3 and 4)
Qualified small business corporation shares (QSBCS)						
Number	Name of corp. and class of shares	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Total proceeds of disposition		10699				Total gain (or loss) 10700
Qualified farm or fishing property (QFFP)						
Address or legal description		Prov./Terr.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Total proceeds of disposition		10999				Total gain (or loss) 11000
QFFP: Mortgage foreclosures and conditional sales repossessions						
Address or legal description		Prov./Terr.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Total proceeds of disposition		12399				Total gain (or loss) 12400
Publicly traded shares, mutual fund units, deferral of eligible small business corporation shares and other shares						
Number	Name of fund/corp. and class of shares	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Total proceeds of disposition		13199				Total gain (or loss) 13200
Real estate, depreciable property and other properties (see principal residence and flipped property on pages 1 and 2)						
Address or legal description		Prov./Terr.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Total proceeds of disposition		13599				Total gain (or loss) 13800
Bonds, debentures, promissory notes, crypto-assets, and other similar properties						
Face value	Maturity date	Name of issuer		(1)	(2)	(3)
Total proceeds of disposition		15199				Total gain (or loss) 15300
Other mortgage foreclosures and conditional sales repossessions						
Address or legal description		Prov./Terr.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Total proceeds of disposition		15499				Total gain (or loss) 15500
Personal-use property (see principal residence and flipped property on pages 1 and 2)						
(Provide a full description)		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
						Total gain only 15800
Listed personal property (LPP) (LPP losses can only be applied against LPP gains)						
(Provide a full description)		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
						Net gain only 15900
Add lines 1 to 9.		Total gains or losses of qualified properties and other properties for Period 2				10

Part 4 – Total capital gains or losses

Report all negative amounts (losses) using brackets.

	Period 1		Period 2		
Amounts from line 10 for periods 1 and 2					11
Capital gains deferral from qualifying dispositions of eligible small business corporation shares included on line 4	16099		16100		12
Line 11 minus line 12					13
Capital gains or losses from your T5, T5013 and T4PS slips	17399		17400		14
Capital gains or losses from your T3 slips	17599	77,993 99	17600	3 41	15
Add lines 13 to 15.		77,993 99		3 41	16
Capital loss from a reduction in your business investment loss	17799		17800		17
Total gains or losses before reserves: line 16 minus line 17	19099	77,993 99	19100	3 41	18
Reserves to be included in income from Form T2017	19199		19200		19
Line 18 plus line 19	19699	77,993 99	19700	3 41	20
	Total capital gains or losses				

Part 5 – Taxable capital gains or net capital loss

Line 19699 plus line 19700 (from line 20 above)		77,997 40	21
Inclusion rate		X 50%	22
Line 21 multiplied by the percentage on line 22			
If positive , enter the result on line 12700 of your return. If negative , see "If you have a net capital loss" on page 1.			
	Total taxable capital gain (or net capital loss) for 2024		
	19900	38,998 70	23

See the privacy notice on your return.



Ontario Tax

Form ON428
2024

Protected B when completed

For more information about this form, go to canada.ca/on-tax-info.

Part A – Ontario tax on taxable income

Enter your **taxable income** from line 26000 of your return. 66,021 99 1

Use the amount from line 1 to complete the appropriate column below.

	Line 1 is \$51,446 or less	Line 1 is more than \$51,446 but not more than \$102,894	Line 1 is more than \$102,894 but not more than \$150,000	Line 1 is more than \$150,000 but not more than \$220,000	Line 1 is more than \$220,000	
Amount from line 1		66,021 99				2
Line 2 minus line 3 (cannot be negative)	0 00	51,446 00	102,894 00	150,000 00	220,000 00	3
		14,575 99				4
Line 4 multiplied by the percentage from line 5	5.05 %	9.15 %	11.16 %	12.16 %	13.16 %	5
		1,333 70				6
Line 6 plus line 7	0 00	2,598 02	7,305 52	12,562 54	21,074 54	7
Ontario tax on taxable income		3,931 72				8

Enter the amount from line 8 on line 51 and continue at line 9.

Part B – Ontario non-refundable tax credits

	Internal use	56050			
Basic personal amount	Claim \$12,399	58040		12,399 00	9
Age amount (if you were born in 1959 or earlier) (use Worksheet ON428)	(maximum \$6,054)	58080			10
Spouse or common-law partner amount:					
Base amount				11	
Your spouse's or common-law partner's net income from line 23600 of their return				12	
Line 11 minus line 12 (if negative, enter "0")	(maximum \$10,528)	58120			13
Amount for an eligible dependant:					
Base amount				14	
Your eligible dependant's net income from line 23600 of their return				15	
Line 14 minus line 15 (if negative, enter "0")	(maximum \$10,528)	58160			16
Ontario caregiver amount (use Worksheet ON428)				58185	17
Add lines 9, 10, 13, 16, and 17.				12,399 00	18
CPP or QPP contributions:					
Amount from line 30800 of your return		58240			•19
Amount from line 31000 of your return		58280			•20
Employment insurance premiums:					
Amount from line 31200 of your return		58300			•21
Amount from line 31217 of your return		58305			•22
Adoption expenses		58330			23
Add lines 19 to 23.					24
Line 18 plus line 24				12,399 00	25

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Part B – Ontario non-refundable tax credits (continued)

Amount from line 25 of the previous page		12,399	00	26
Pension income amount	(maximum \$1,714)	58360		27
Line 26 plus line 27		12,399	00	28
Disability amount for self (claim \$10,017 or, if you were under 18 years of age, use Worksheet ON428)		58440		29
Disability amount transferred from a dependant (use Worksheet ON428)		58480		30
Add lines 28 to 30.		12,399	00	31
Interest paid on your student loans (amount from line 31900 of your return)		58520		32
Your unused tuition and education amounts (attach Schedule ON(S11))		58560		33
Amounts transferred from your spouse or common-law partner (attach Schedule ON(S2))		58640		34
Add lines 31 to 34.		12,399	00	35
Medical expenses:				
See line 58689 at canada.ca/on-tax-info for maximum allowable amounts for attendant care, an adapted van, and moving expenses.		58689	36	
Amount from line 23600 of your return		37		
Applicable rate	3 %	38		
Line 37 multiplied by the percentage from line 38		39		
Enter whichever is less: \$2,806 or the amount on line 39.			40	
Line 36 minus line 40 (if negative, enter "0")			41	
Allowable amount of medical expenses for other dependants (use Worksheet ON428)		58729	42	
Line 41 plus line 42		58769		43
Line 35 plus line 43		58800	12,399	00
Ontario non-refundable tax credit rate			5.05%	44
Line 44 multiplied by the percentage from line 45		58840	626	15
Donations and gifts:				
Amount from line 13 of your federal Schedule 9	x 5.05% =		47	
Amount from line 14 of your federal Schedule 9	x 11.16% =		48	
Line 47 plus line 48		58969		49
Line 46 plus line 49				
Enter this amount on line 52.	Ontario non-refundable tax credits	61500	626	15
				50

Part C – Ontario tax

Ontario tax on taxable income from line 8		3,931	72	51
Ontario non-refundable tax credits from line 50		626	15	52
Line 51 minus line 52 (if negative, enter "0")		3,305	57	53
Ontario tax on split income (complete Form T1206)		61510		54
Line 53 plus line 54		3,305	57	55
Ontario minimum tax carryover:				
Enter the amount from line 53 above.		3,305	57	56
Ontario dividend tax credit (use Worksheet ON428)		61520	1,778	00
Line 56 minus line 57 (if negative, enter "0")		1,527	57	58
Amount from line 40427 of your return	x 33.67% =		59	
Enter whichever is less: amount from line 58 or line 59.		61540		60
Line 55 minus line 60 (if negative, enter "0")			3,305	57
				61

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Part C – Ontario tax (continued)

Amount from line 61 of the previous page	3,305		57		62
Ontario surtax:					
Amount from line 62	3,305		57		63
Ontario tax on split income from line 54					64
Line 63 minus line 64 (if negative, enter "0")	3,305		57		65
Complete lines 66 to 68 if the amount on line 65 is more than \$5,554 . If the amount is less than \$5,554 , enter "0" on line 68 and continue on line 69.					
(Line 65	3,305		57	– \$5,554) × 20% (if negative, enter "0")	66
(Line 65	3,305		57	– \$7,108) × 36% (if negative, enter "0")	67
Line 66 plus line 67				▶	68
Line 62 plus line 68			3,305		69
Ontario dividend tax credit from line 57			1,778		70
Line 69 minus line 70 (if negative, enter "0")			1,527		71
Ontario additional tax for minimum tax purposes: If you entered an amount on line 11 of Part 5 of Form T691, use Worksheet ON428 to calculate your additional tax for minimum tax purposes.					72
Line 71 plus line 72			1,527		73

Ontario tax reduction

Enter "0" on line 80 if **any** of the following applies to you:

- You were **not** a resident of Canada at the beginning of the year
- You were **not** a resident of Ontario on December 31, 2024
- There is an amount on line 72
- The amount on line 73 is "0"
- You were bankrupt at any time in 2024
- Your return is filed for you by a trustee in bankruptcy
- You are choosing **not** to claim an Ontario tax reduction

If **none** of the above applies to you, complete lines 74 to 80 to calculate your Ontario tax reduction.

Basic reduction			286		00	74		
If you had a spouse or common-law partner on December 31, 2024, only the individual with the higher net income can claim the amounts on lines 75 and 76.								
Reduction for dependent children born in 2006 or later:								
Number of dependent children	60969	× \$529 =				75		
Reduction for dependants with a mental or physical impairment:								
Number of dependants	60970	× \$529 =				76		
Add lines 74 to 76.			286		00	77		
Amount from line 77 above	286	× 2 =	572		00	78		
Amount from line 73 above			1,527		57	79		
Line 78 minus line 79 (if negative, enter "0")		Ontario tax reduction				▶		
Line 73 minus line 80 (if negative, enter "0")					1,527		57	81
Provincial foreign tax credit (complete Form T2036)					84		42	82
Line 81 minus line 82 (if negative, enter "0")					1,443		15	83

Protected B when completed

Part C – Ontario tax (continued)

Amount from line 83 of the previous page		1,443	15	84
Low-income individuals and families tax (LIFT) credit (complete Schedule ON428-A)	62140			85
Line 84 minus line 85 (if negative, enter "0")		1,443	15	86
Community food program donation tax credit for farmers: Enter the amount of qualifying donations that have also been claimed as a charitable donation.	62150			87
				× 25% =
Line 86 minus line 87 (if negative, enter "0")		1,443	15	88
Ontario health premium (complete the chart below)		600	00	89
Line 88 plus line 89				
Enter this amount on line 42800 of your return.		2,043	15	90
				Ontario tax

Ontario health premium

Go to the line on the chart below that corresponds to your taxable income from line 1 to determine your Ontario health premium.

Taxable income	Ontario health premium
\$20,000 or less	\$ 0
more than \$20,000 but not more than \$25,000 <input type="text"/> - \$ 20,000 = <input type="text"/> × 6 % = <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
more than \$25,000 but not more than \$36,000	\$ 300
more than \$36,000 but not more than \$38,500 <input type="text"/> - \$ 36,000 = <input type="text"/> × 6 % = <input type="text"/> + \$ 300 = <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
more than \$38,500 but not more than \$48,000	\$ 450
more than \$48,000 but not more than \$48,600 <input type="text"/> - \$ 48,000 = <input type="text"/> × 25 % = <input type="text"/> + \$ 450 = <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
more than \$48,600 but not more than \$72,000	\$ 600
more than \$72,000 but not more than \$72,600 <input type="text"/> - \$ 72,000 = <input type="text"/> × 25 % = <input type="text"/> + \$ 600 = <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
more than \$72,600 but not more than \$200,000	\$ 750
more than \$200,000 but not more than \$200,600 <input type="text"/> - \$ 200,000 = <input type="text"/> × 25 % = <input type="text"/> + \$ 750 = <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
more than \$200,600	\$ 900
Enter the result on line 89 above.	

See the privacy notice on your return.

Worksheet ON428

Line 61520 – Ontario dividend tax credit

Amount from line 12000 of your return	17,780	02	A							
Amount from line 12010 of your return	-		B	x	2.9863 %	=	1			
Amount A minus amount B	=	17,780	02	C	x	10.00 %	= +	1,778	00	2
Line 1 plus line 2							=	1,778	00	3

Enter the amount from line 3 on **line 61520** of your Form ON428.

Line 17 – Ontario political contribution tax credit

Use the amount from line 63110 of your Form ON479 to complete the appropriate column below.

	Line 63110 is \$486.62 or less	Line 63110 is more than \$486.62 but not more than \$1,622.08	Line 63110 is more than \$1,622.08	
Enter your total political contributions from line 63110 of your Form ON479.	000.00	486 62	1,622 08	1
Line 1 minus line 2 (cannot be negative)				2
Line 3 multiplied by the percentage from line 4	75.00 %	50.00 %	33.3333 %	3
Line 5 plus line 6	000.00	364 97	932 70	4
Line 1 minus line 2 (cannot be negative)				5
Line 3 multiplied by the percentage from line 4				6
Line 5 plus line 6				7

Statement of investment income, carrying charges, and interest expenses

Use this worksheet to calculate the amounts to report on your return. Complete the charts for the lines that apply to your situation.
Keep this worksheet for your records.

Do not attach this worksheet to the return you send to the CRA.

Lines 12000, 12010, 12100, and 22100 – Statement of investment income, carrying charges, and interest expenses

For more information, see lines 12000, 12100, and 22100 in the guide.

I – Taxable amount of dividends (eligible and other than eligible) from taxable Canadian corporations

Taxable amount of dividends **other than eligible dividends** (specify):

Enter this amount on line 12010 of your return. 12010

Taxable amount of **eligible dividends** (specify):

Slip	Issuer	Taxpayer share and exchange rate	
T3	The Walker 2037 Family Tr		17,780 02
Compensatory dividend payments (attributable to slips)			x 1.38
Enter this amount on line 12000 of your return.			12000 <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="17,780 02"/>

II – Interest, other investment income, and income from foreign sources

Specify:

Income from foreign sources, including foreign dividends (specify):

Slip	Issuer	Taxpayer share and exchange rate	
T3	The Walker 2037 Family Tr		9,243 27
Enter this amount on line 12100 of your return.			12100 <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="9,243 27"/>

III – Carrying charges, interest expenses, and other expenses

Premiums on life insurance policies used as collateral for money borrowed to earn income from property

Financing expenses on money borrowed to earn income from property

Carrying charges (specify):

Interest expenses on money borrowed to earn income or to purchase an annuity contract

Interest expenses (specify):

Enter this amount on line 22100 of your return. 22100

Federal Foreign Tax Credits

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Use this form to calculate the amount you can deduct from your federal tax for 2024. If this claim is for a year before 2024, go to canada.ca/cra-forms to get a previous version of this form.

You can claim this credit if you were resident in Canada at any time in the tax year and you had to include, on your Canadian return, income sourced from a country other than Canada for which you paid non-business or business taxes to that foreign country.

Send only one Form T2209 per tax year. If your total foreign taxes paid to **all** foreign countries was **more than \$200**, calculate the total foreign taxes paid for each foreign country on a separate sheet and enter the total on this form.

For more information, see Income Tax Folio S5-F2-C1, Foreign Tax Credit.

Country or countries for which you are making this claim: United States

Federal non-business foreign tax credit

Non-business income tax paid to a foreign country ⁽¹⁾ 43100 1,219|26 • 1

Net foreign non-business income ⁽²⁾	43300	9,243 00	x Basic federal tax ⁽⁴⁾	8,106 07	=	1,134 84	2
Net income ⁽³⁾		66,021 99					

Enter **whichever amount is less:**
line 1 or line 2. **Federal non-business foreign tax credit** 1,134|84 3

The amount on line 3 should **not** be more than the amount on line 42900 of your return.

Federal business foreign tax credit

Business income tax paid to a foreign country ⁽⁵⁾ for the year, plus any unused foreign tax credits for that country for the 10 years ⁽⁶⁾ before, and the 3 years after this year 43400 • 4

Net foreign business income ⁽⁷⁾	43900	00	x Basic federal tax ⁽⁸⁾	8,106 07	=		5
Net income ⁽³⁾		66,021 99					

Federal surtax on income you earned outside Canada:

Amount from line 10 of Part 2 of Form T2203, Provincial and Territorial Taxes for Multiple Jurisdictions, **or** 48% of the amount from line 42900 of your return. Enter the amount that applies to the country or countries you identified at the top of this page. 6

Add lines 5 and 6. 7

Add basic federal tax ⁽⁸⁾ and the amount from line 6. 8,106|07 8

Enter the amount from line 3, if any. 1,134|84 9

Line 8 minus line 9 6,971|23 ▶ 10

Enter **whichever amount is less:**
the amount from line 4, 7 or 10. **Federal business foreign tax credit** | 11

Federal foreign tax credit

Add lines 3 and 11. **Federal foreign tax credit** 1,134|84 12

The amount on line 12 should **not** be more than the amount on line 42900 of your return.

Enter the amount from line 12 on **line 40500** of your return.

See the privacy notice on your return.

(1) **Non-business income tax paid to a foreign country**

Total of non-business income or profits tax you paid to that country or to a political subdivision of that country for the year, minus any part of this tax that is deductible under subsection 20(11) or deducted under subsection 20(12) of the ITA. Non-business income tax paid to a foreign country does not include tax that can reasonably be attributed to an amount that:

- any other person or partnership has received, or is entitled to receive from the foreign country
- relates to taxable capital gains from that country, and you or your spouse or common-law partner claimed a capital gains deduction for that income
- was deductible as income exempt from tax under a tax treaty between Canada and that country
- was taxable in the foreign country because you were a citizen of that country, and relates to income from a source within Canada

Note

The CRA considers any amount of tax you paid to a foreign government in excess of the amount you had to pay according to a tax treaty as a voluntary contribution and does not qualify as foreign taxes paid.

(2) **Net foreign non-business income**

Net amount you calculate when the non-business income you earned in a foreign country is more than the non-business losses you incurred in that country. When you calculate the non-business income and losses, claim the allowable expenses and deductions relating to the foreign income or loss. Subtract all of the following from your foreign non-business income:

- your income from that foreign country for which you claimed a capital gains deduction
- your income that was, under a tax treaty between Canada and that country, deductible as exempt from tax in Canada or in that country
- your foreign resource and exploration and development expenses
- a deduction you claimed under subsections 20(11) or 20(12) and under subsection 4(3) of the ITA relating to the foreign income, including any deduction claimed for:
 - your foreign union dues
 - your contributions to a foreign pension plan or a social security arrangement
 - your foreign carrying charges

Do **not** reduce your foreign non-business income by any deduction you claimed for a dividend you received from a controlled foreign affiliate. If your net foreign non-business income is more than your net income, use your net income in the calculation.

For more information on deductions claimed under subsections 20(11) and 20(12) of the ITA, see Income Tax Folio S5-F2-C1, Foreign Tax Credit.

Note

Include only your foreign non-business income for the part of the year you were a resident of Canada.

(3) **Net income**

Amount from line 23600 of your return (or the amount you would have entered if the instructions said "if negative, show in brackets") **plus** the amount on line 68360 of Form T1206, Total split income, **minus** any:

- amount deductible as a Canadian Forces personnel and police deduction (line 24400 of your return)
- amount deductible as security options deductions (line 24900 of your return)
- amount deductible as additional security options deductions (line 24901 of your return)
- amount deductible as an other payments deduction (line 25000 of your return)
- net capital losses of other years you claimed (line 25300 of your return)
- capital gains deduction for qualifying business transfer you claimed (line 25395 of your return)
- capital gains deduction you claimed (line 25400 of your return)
- amounts deductible as net employment income from a prescribed international organization, as foreign income exempt under a tax treaty, or as adult basic education tuition assistance (included on line 25600 of your return)

(4) Basic federal tax

Line 42900 of your return **plus** any:

- federal dividend tax credit (line 40425 of your return)
- federal surtax on income you earned outside Canada (line 10 of Part 2 of Form T2203 or 48% of the amount from line 42900 of your return)

minus any:

- refundable Quebec abatement (line 44000 of your return or line 15 of Part 2 of Form T2203)
- federal refundable First Nations abatement (line 44100 of your return)

Note

If you were a **resident of Quebec**, basic federal tax is the amount on line 42900 of your return **plus** any:

- federal dividend tax credit (line 40425 of your return)

minus any:

- refundable Quebec abatement (line 44000 of your return or line 15 of Part 2 of Form T2203)

(5) Business income tax paid to a foreign country

Total of business income or profits tax you paid to a country or a political subdivision of a country for the year. If you were a resident of Quebec, multiply this amount by 55%. It does not include any part of the business income tax that can be reasonably attributed to an amount that any other person or partnership has received or is entitled to receive from a country, or that was payable on income that was exempt from tax under a tax treaty between Canada and that country.

Note

The CRA considers any amount of tax you paid to a foreign government in excess of the amount you had to pay according to a tax treaty as a voluntary contribution and does not qualify as foreign taxes paid.

(6) Unused business foreign tax credits

Unused business foreign tax credits can be carried forward 10 years and carried back 3 years.

(7) Net foreign business income

Net amount by which the business income you earned in a foreign country is more than the business losses you incurred in that country. When you calculate the business income and losses, claim the allowable expenses and deductions relating to the foreign income or loss, including foreign resource and exploration and development expenses. Also reduce your foreign business income by any income from that country that was, under a tax treaty between Canada and that country, exempt from tax in Canada or in that country. If your net foreign business income is more than your net income, use your **net income** in the calculation.

Note

Include only the foreign business income for the part of the year you were a resident of Canada.

(8) Basic federal tax

Line 42900 of your return **plus** any federal dividend tax credit (line 40425 of your return).

Note

If you were a resident of Quebec, these instructions do not apply. Instead, follow the instructions for Quebec residents in note (4) above to calculate the "Basic federal tax" at line 5 of this form.

Provincial or Territorial Foreign Tax Credit

Use this form to calculate the foreign **non-business** income tax credit for 2024 that you can deduct from the income tax payable to the province or territory you resided in at the end of the tax year.

This form does **not** apply to **residents of Quebec**.

If you must pay minimum tax and you were a **resident of Manitoba**, you **cannot** claim a provincial foreign tax credit.

Before you complete this form, calculate your federal foreign tax credit by using Form T2209, Federal Foreign Tax Credits. If the amount of the federal foreign non-business income tax credit you are entitled to deduct is equal to the foreign non-business tax you paid, your provincial or territorial foreign tax credit would be zero. As a result, you do not have to complete this form.

If you paid tax to **more** than one foreign country, and the total of the non-business income taxes that you paid to all foreign countries was **more than \$200**, do the calculation on a separate form for each country in Canadian dollars. Enter the total on this form.

Country or countries for which you are making this claim: United States

Enter the amount from line 43100 of Form T2209. 1,219|26 **1**

Enter the amount from line 3 of Form T2209.
If you must pay minimum tax for 2024, see the [note](#) 1,134|84 **2**

Line 1 minus line 2 84|42 **3**

Net foreign non-business income ⁽¹⁾	9,243 00	x	Provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable ⁽³⁾	3,305 57	462 78 4
Net income ⁽²⁾	66,021 99				

Enter **whichever amount is less**: line 3 or line 4.
The amount on line 5 **should not** be more than the amount entered on the line for provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable. **Provincial or territorial foreign tax credit** 84|42 **5**

Enter the total from line 5 (of each form if applicable) on the line for the provincial or territorial foreign tax credit of Form 428. If you have to pay tax to more than one jurisdiction, enter the amount from line 5 on the applicable line in Part 4, Section 428MJ of Form T2203, Provincial and Territorial Taxes for Multiple Jurisdictions, only for the province or territory you resided in on the last day of the tax year.

Note

If you must pay minimum tax and you were a resident of **British Columbia** at the end of the year, enter the amount from line 3 of Form T2209 on line 2.

If you must pay minimum tax and you were a resident of **Ontario** at the end of the year, follow the instructions that apply to your situation:

- If the total non-business income taxes you paid to all foreign countries is **\$200 or less**, calculate the ratio of the amount from line 1 over the sum of the amount on line 1 of this form and the amount on line 8 of Part 4 of Form T691, Alternative Minimum Tax, and enter the product of this ratio and the special foreign tax credit (line 11 of Part 4 of Form T691) on line 2; **otherwise**
- For each country, calculate the ratio of the amount from line 1 for that country over your total foreign taxes paid for 2024 (for example, the sum of (i) the amount on line 7 of Part 4 of Form T691 divided by 66.6666% and (ii) the amount on line 8 of Part 4 of Form T691), and enter the product of this ratio and the special foreign tax credit (line 11 of Part 4 of Form T691) on line 2 of the sheet for that country.

If you must pay minimum tax and you were a resident of **another province or territory** at the end of the year, enter the part of special foreign tax credit (line 11 of Part 4 of Form T691) that relates to non-business income taxes you paid to a foreign country for 2024 on line 2.

(1) Net foreign non-business income

Enter the amount reported as net foreign non-business income from line 2 of Form T2209.

(2) Net income

Enter the amount reported as net income from line 2 of Form T2209.

If you were a resident of Canada for part of the year, include the income for the part of the year you were a resident of Canada plus any income and losses referred to in paragraphs 115(1)(a) to (c) of the Income Tax Act as reported on your Canadian tax return, for the part of the year you were not a resident of Canada.

If you paid tax to more than one jurisdiction in 2024, calculate this amount according to note (3) of Form T2209. However, instead of using "line 23600 of your return plus the amount on line 68360 of Form T1206" as stated in that note, use the amount allocated to your province or territory of residence in column 4, Part 1 of Form T2203 to do the calculation.

(3) Provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable

If you were a resident of a province or territory **other than** Ontario, Alberta, or British Columbia, enter the amount of tax calculated **before** determining the provincial or territorial foreign tax credit by using the appropriate Form 428. However, if you have to pay tax to more than one jurisdiction, complete the applicable part of Section 428MJ of Form T2203 for the province or territory in which you resided at the end of the year.

If you were a resident of **Ontario**, calculate this amount by entering "0" on lines 70 and 72 of Form ON428 and continue the calculation. The result from line 81 is your provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable. If you paid tax to more than one jurisdiction in 2024, calculate this amount by entering "0" on lines 43 and 45 in Part 4 of Section ON428MJ of Form T2203 and continue the calculation. The amount from line 58 is your provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable.

If you were a resident of **Alberta**, calculate your provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable by adding the amount from line 56 to the amount on line 61 of Form AB428 or by adding the amount from line 13 to the amount from line 32 in Part 4 of Section AB428MJ of Form T2203.

If you were a resident of **British Columbia** at the end of the tax year, your provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable is the amount of tax calculated **before** determining the provincial and territorial foreign tax credit minus any British Columbia additional tax for minimum tax purposes from Form BC428 or Section BC428MJ of Form T2203.

See the privacy notice on your return.

Federal Foreign Tax Credits

Use this form to calculate the amount you can deduct from your federal tax for 2024. If this claim is for a year before 2024, go to canada.ca/cra-forms to get a previous version of this form.

You can claim this credit if you were resident in Canada at any time in the tax year and you had to include, on your Canadian return, income sourced from a country other than Canada for which you paid non-business or business taxes to that foreign country.

Send only one Form T2209 per tax year. If your total foreign taxes paid to **all** foreign countries was **more than** \$200, calculate the total foreign taxes paid for each foreign country on a separate sheet and enter the total on this form.

For more information, see Income Tax Folio S5-F2-C1, Foreign Tax Credit.

Country or countries for which you are making this claim: <u>United States</u>
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Foreign non-business income

Investment income

Originating from	Gross foreign income	Other expenses	Net foreign income before 20(11/12)	Foreign income tax paid in the year	Tax treaty withholding rate (%)	Calculate deduction under ss. 20(11)	Subsection 20(11) deduction	Non-eligible foreign tax
T3	9,243 27		9,243 27	1,219 26	15.00			
Total	9,243 27 *		9,243 27	1,219 26	N/A	N/A		
Total foreign non-business income	9,243 00		9,243 00	1,219 26	N/A	N/A		

Non-business income tax paid to a foreign country	1,219	26	1
Net foreign non-business income ⁽¹⁾	9,243	00	
Net income	66,021	99	

Enter **whichever is less**: the amount from line 1 or line 2. **Federal non-business foreign tax credit** 1,134 84 3

The amount on line 3 should **not** be more than the amount on line 42900 of your return.

Foreign business income

Unused foreign tax credit with respect to that country for the 10 previous years and the 3 years subsequent years	4
Business income tax paid to a foreign country for the year	5
Add lines 4 and 5	6
Net foreign business income ⁽¹⁾	00
Net income	66,021 99

Federal surtax on income you earned outside Canada: Amount from line 10 of Part 2 of Form T2203, Provincial and Territorial Taxes for 2024 – Multiple Jurisdictions, **or** 48% of the amount from line 42900 of your return. Enter the amount that applies to the country or countries you identified at the top of this page. + 8

Add lines 7 and 8. = 9

Add basic federal tax and the amount from line 8.	8,106	07	10
Enter the amount from line 3, if any.	-	1,134	84
Line 10 minus line 11	=	6,971	23

Enter **whichever is less**: the amount from line 6, 9 or 12. **Federal business foreign tax credit** 13

Add lines 3 and 13. **Federal foreign tax credit** 1,134 84 14

The amount on line 14 should **not** be more than the amount on line 42900 of your return.

Enter the amount from line 14 on **line 40500** of your return.

(1) When calculating the foreign tax credit, the CRA does not take into account the cents portion of the foreign income.

Provincial or Territorial Foreign Tax Credit

Use this form to calculate the foreign **non-business** income tax credit for 2024 that you can deduct from the income tax payable to the province or territory you resided in at the end of the tax year.

This form does **not** apply to **residents of Quebec**.

If you must pay minimum tax and you were a **resident of Manitoba**, you **cannot** claim a provincial foreign tax credit.

Before you complete this form, calculate your federal foreign tax credit by using Form T2209, Federal Foreign Tax Credits. If the amount of the federal foreign non-business income tax credit you are entitled to deduct is equal to the foreign non-business tax you paid, your provincial or territorial foreign tax credit would be zero. As a result, you do not have to complete this form.

If you paid tax to **more** than one foreign country, and the total of the non-business income taxes that you paid to all foreign countries was **more than \$200**, do the calculation on a separate form for each country in Canadian dollars. Enter the total on this form.

Country or countries for which you are making this claim: United States

Enter the amount from line 43100 of Form T2209.	1,219	26	1
Enter the amount from line 3 of Form T2209.	1,134	84	2
If you must pay minimum tax for 2024, see the note	84	42	3
Line 1 minus line 2	9,243	00	
Net foreign non-business income ⁽¹⁾	66,021	99	
Net income ⁽²⁾	x	3,305	57
Provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable ⁽³⁾	462	78	4

Enter **whichever amount is less**: line 3 or line 4.

The amount on line 5 **should not** be more than the amount entered on the line for provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable.

Provincial or territorial foreign tax credit 84 42 5

Enter the total from line 5 (of each form if applicable) on the line for the provincial or territorial foreign tax credit of Form 428. If you have to pay tax to more than one jurisdiction, enter the amount from line 5 on the applicable line in Part 4, Section 428MJ of Form T2203, Provincial and Territorial Taxes for Multiple Jurisdictions, only for the province or territory you resided in on the last day of the tax year.

Note

If you must pay minimum tax and you were a resident of **British Columbia** at the end of the year, enter the amount from line 3 of Form T2209 on line 2.

If you must pay minimum tax and you were a resident of **Ontario** at the end of the year, follow the instructions that apply to your situation:

- If the total non-business income taxes you paid to all foreign countries is **\$200 or less**, calculate the ratio of the amount from line 1 over the sum of the amount on line 1 of this form and the amount on line 8 of Part 4 of Form T691, Alternative Minimum Tax, and enter the product of this ratio and the special foreign tax credit (line 11 of Part 4 of Form T691) on line 2; **otherwise**
- For each country, calculate the ratio of the amount from line 1 for that country over your total foreign taxes paid for 2024 (for example, the sum of (i) the amount on line 7 of Part 4 of Form T691 divided by 66.6666% and (ii) the amount on line 8 of Part 4 of Form T691), and enter the product of this ratio and the special foreign tax credit (line 11 of Part 4 of Form T691) on line 2 of the sheet for that country.

If you must pay minimum tax and you were a resident of **another province or territory** at the end of the year, enter the part of special foreign tax credit (line 11 of Part 4 of Form T691) that relates to non-business income taxes you paid to a foreign country for 2024 on line 2.

(1) Net foreign non-business income

Enter the amount reported as net foreign non-business income from line 2 of Form T2209.

(2) Net income

Enter the amount reported as net income from line 2 of Form T2209.

If you were a resident of Canada for part of the year, include the income for the part of the year you were a resident of Canada plus any income and losses referred to in paragraphs 115(1)(a) to (c) of the Income Tax Act as reported on your Canadian tax return, for the part of the year you were not a resident of Canada.

If you paid tax to more than one jurisdiction in 2024, calculate this amount according to note (3) of Form T2209. However, instead of using "line 23600 of your return plus the amount on line 68360 of Form T1206" as stated in that note, use the amount allocated to your province or territory of residence in column 4, Part 1 of Form T2203 to do the calculation.

(3) Provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable

If you were a resident of a province or territory **other than** Ontario, Alberta, or British Columbia, enter the amount of tax calculated **before** determining the provincial or territorial foreign tax credit by using the appropriate Form 428. However, if you have to pay tax to more than one jurisdiction, complete the applicable part of Section 428MJ of Form T2203 for the province or territory in which you resided at the end of the year.

If you were a resident of **Ontario**, calculate this amount by entering "0" on lines 70 and 72 of Form ON428 and continue the calculation. The result from line 81 is your provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable. If you paid tax to more than one jurisdiction in 2024, calculate this amount by entering "0" on lines 43 and 45 in Part 4 of Section ON428MJ of Form T2203 and continue the calculation. The amount from line 58 is your provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable.

If you were a resident of **Alberta**, calculate your provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable by adding the amount from line 56 to the amount on line 61 of Form AB428 or by adding the amount from line 13 to the amount from line 32 in Part 4 of Section AB428MJ of Form T2203.

If you were a resident of **British Columbia** at the end of the tax year, your provincial or territorial tax otherwise payable is the amount of tax calculated **before** determining the provincial and territorial foreign tax credit minus any British Columbia additional tax for minimum tax purposes from Form BC428 or Section BC428MJ of Form T2203.

See the privacy notice on your return.

Two-Year Comparative Summary – Federal – 2024

	2024	2023		2024	2023
10100 Employment income			30000 Basic amount	15,705	15,000
10400 Other employment income			30100 Age amount		
11300 OAS pension			30300-30400 Spouse or eligible dep.		
11400 CPP/QPP benefits			30425-30450 Caregiver amount		
11500 Other pensions and superannuation			30500 Caregiver (infirm under 18 years)		
11600 Elected split-pension amount			30800-31000 CPP/QPP		
11700 Universal Child Care Benefit			31200-31217 Tot. empl./self-empl. EI prem.		
11900 EI benefits			31205-31215 PPIP premiums		
12000 Taxable dividends	17,780	8,099	31220-31240 Vol. (firefighters/rescue)		
12100 Interest/other inv. income	9,243		31260 Canadian employment amount		
12200 Limited partnership income			31270-31285 Home (buyers' amt/acc.)		
12500 RDSP income			31300 Adoption expenses		
12600 Rental income			31350 Digital news subscription expenses		
12700 Taxable capital gains	38,999	14,682	31400 Pension income amount		
12701 Capital gains reduction			31600-31800 Disability amount		
12800 Support payments received			31900 Interest/student loans		
12900 RRSP income			32300 Tuition and education amounts		
12905 Taxable FHSA income			32400-32600 Spouse/dependant trans.		
12906 Taxable FHSA income – other			33200 Allowable medical expenses		
13000 Other income			33500 Total amounts	15,705	15,000
13010 Taxable scholarship			33800 Credits	2,356	2,250
13500-14300 Self-employment income			34900 Donations and gifts		
14400 Workers' compensation			35000 Non-refundable credits	2,356	2,250
14500 Social assistance payments			Tax on taxable income	10,462	3,417
14600 Net federal supplements			40425 Dividend tax credit	2,671	1,216
15000 Total income	66,022	22,781	40427 Minimum tax carry-over		
20700 RPP deduction			Non-resident surtax		
20800 RRSP deduction			40600 Federal tax	4,301	
20805 FHSA deduction			41000 Political contribution credit		
21000 Deduct. elected split-pension			41200 Investment tax credit		
21200 Union/professional dues			41400 Labour-sponsored funds credit		
21300 UCCB repayment			41450 Section 217 tax adjustment		
21400 Child care expenses			AMT/TOSI adjustment		
21500 Disability supports deduction			41500 ACWB payments		
21700 Business investment loss			41800 Special taxes		
21900 Moving expenses			42000 Net federal tax	4,301	
22000 Support payments made			42100-42120 Self-employment CPP		
22100 Carrying charges			42200 Social benefits repayment		
22200 CPP/QPP - self-employment			42800-43200 Provincial or territorial tax	2,043	167
22215 CPP/QPP - employment income			43500 Total payable	6,344	167
22300 Deduction for PPIP			43700 Total income tax deducted		
22400 Expl./dev. expenses			43800 Tax deducted transfer		
22900 Other employment expenses			44000 Refundable abatement		
23100-23200 Other deductions			44800 to 45100 CPP/EI overpayment		
23500 Social benefits repayment			45200 Medical expense supplement		
23600 Net income	66,022	22,781	45300 Canada workers benefit		
24400 Canadian forces police deduct.			45350 Canada training credit (CTC)		
24900-24901 Security options deductions			45355 MHRTC tax credit		
25000 Other payments deduction			ITC refund/Credit Part XII.2		
25100 Limited partnership losses			45700 GST/HST rebate (GST370)		
25200 Non-capital losses			46900 Eligible educator school supply cr.		
25300 Net capital losses			47555 Canadian journ. labour tax credit		
25395 Capital gains ded. business transf.			47556 Farmers tax credit		
25400 Capital gains deduction			47557 Air quality improvement credit	N/A	
25500 Northern residents			47600 Instalments		
25600 Additional deductions			47900 Provincial or territorial credits		
25999 Capital gains reduction add-back			48200 Total credits		
26000 Taxable income	66,022	22,781			
GST/HST credit and fed./prov. benefits					
CCB and provincial benefits					
RRSP limit (2025)			Balance due/refund (-)	6,344	167

Two-Year Comparative Summary – Provincial – 2024

	2024	2023
Province of residence	ON	ON
Form 428		
Taxable income	66,022	22,781
Tax on taxable income	3,932	1,150
Non-refundable tax credits		
Basic personal amount	58040 12,399	11,865
Non-refundable tax credits	58800 12,399	11,865
Rate	5.05 %	5.05 %
Total	58840 626	599
Non-refundable tax credits	61500 626	599
Tax credits		
Ontario dividend tax credit	61520 1,778	810
Tax reduction		548
Tax reduction		
Foreign tax credit	84	
Tax credits		
Ontario health premium	600	167
Provincial tax (T1, line 42800)	2,043	167